Naples Police Department
Professional Standards Bureau

2019 Annual Report

Prepared by: Lieutenant Matt Fletcher
# Professional Standards Bureau
## 2019 Annual Report

## Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overview</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal Affairs</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complaints</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Discipline</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grievances</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response to Resistance</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Pursuits</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Crashes</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bias Based Profiling</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accreditation</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recruitment</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Information</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Professional Standards Bureau  
2019 Annual Report

OVERVIEW

The Professional Standards Bureau, under command of a Lieutenant, is responsible for ensuring the Naples Police Department is operating within the boundaries and established guidelines of City and Departmental policies to ensure the public trust and confidence in the agency. This division is responsible for the investigation of complaints against its members, the verification of compliance of required accreditation standards, public information and media relations, the training of all police personnel, and the recruitment and hiring within the Naples Police Department. The Lieutenant of Professional Standards reports directly to the Administrative Services Assistant Chief.

The Professional Standards staff consists of one Lieutenant, one Sergeant, one Detective, and one Civilian employee.

The Professional Standards Bureau is tasked with the following functions:

- Internal Affairs
- Accreditation
- Training
- Recruiting and Hiring
- Public Information/Media Relations

INTERNAL AFFAIRS

Internal Affairs is responsible for investigating police employees for internal complaints, citizen complaints, officer involved traffic crashes, vehicle pursuits and uses of force. Internal Affairs is also responsible for ensuring that all police records pertaining to the above investigations and discipline are tracked, analyzed for trends, and securely maintained.

Florida Law requires that all law enforcement agencies establish a system for the receipt, review and investigation of allegations of employee misconduct received by the agency. All allegations received by the Naples Police Department are reviewed by Internal Affairs and submitted to the Chief of Police for initial authorization to investigate the allegation and following the conclusion for final disposition.

The function of the Internal Affairs section is to provide fact-finding assistance to the Chief of Police. Internal Affairs utilizes a systematic, objective, and impartial method of investigating complaints of improper behavior by police officers or other personnel which may violate Department or City Policies and Procedures. All formal complaints, whether made by citizens or City employees, are investigated.
COMPLAINTS

The Internal Affairs Section of the Naples Police Department is responsible for the investigation of complaints against department employees, and on occasion other city employees. Investigations are completed with a case finding.

Sustained
Sufficient evidence was obtained through investigation to determine that employee misconduct occurred.

Not Sustained
The investigation failed to produce sufficient either prove or disprove the alleged misconduct.

Exonerated
The employee’s actions were justified, lawful, proper, and consistent with department policy.

Unfounded
The allegation concerned an act of misconduct by an agency employee which did not occur.

Policy Review Required
A conclusion that the Department General Orders, policies, procedures, rules or regulations covering the situation were non-existent or inadequate and require review and amendment.

Information Only
This applies to allegations which lack a basis in corroborating facts or evidence of misconduct, or when the reporter retracts or refuses to file a statement and the Chief of Police or his designee determines that further action is not required. The complaint will be recorded for informational purposes, classified as inactive and may be re-opened if new evidence is obtained that is likely to affect the outcome of the investigation.

During 2019, fifteen (15) reports were processed by the Internal Affairs Section. These reports are separated into categories to include:

- Internally generated complaints (INQ).
  
  Six (6):
  19-005 / Policy Violation / Sustained
  19-017 / Discourtesy / Unfounded.
  19-022 / Policy Violation / Sustained.
  19-031 / Policy Violation / Information Only.
  19-040 / Policy Violation / Open/Active Investigation.
  19-044 / Policy Violation / Open/Active Investigation.

- Externally generated complaints documenting verified policy violations (CC).
  Seven (7):
  19-008 / Discourtesy / Exonerated.
  19-010 / Discourtesy / Exonerated.
  19-016 / Policy Violation / Sustained
  19-026 / Discourtesy / Exonerated
  19-030 / Policy Violation / Information Only.
  19-036 / Policy Violation / Information Only.
  19-037 / Policy Violation / Open/Active Investigation.

- Internally or externally generated complaints with no policy violations (INF).
  Two (2):
  19-002 / Discourtesy / Information only.
  19-032 / Information only.
COMPLAINTS cont’d

EMPLOYEE DISCIPLINE

During 2019, there were seventeen (17) instances in which officers received discipline:

- Corrective Action.
  - Eight (8) oral counseling.

- Formal Discipline.
  - Four (4) written reprimand.
  - Five (5) suspension.
  - Zero (0) dismissal.

GREIVANCES

There was one (1) employee grievances received in 2019.
RESPONSE TO RESISTANCE

Overview
Per department General Order 202 - Response to Resistance, a review of each incident involving response to resistance for the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019 has been conducted. All Response to Resistance incidents are entered into the IAPro database.

The Naples Police Department addresses responses to resistance in General Order 202, which states:

It is the policy of the Naples Police Department to provide and maintain procedures to follow when an officer is confronted with situations where force is deemed necessary to execute their legal authority. Attempts will be made to achieve control through advice, warnings, and persuasion. However, in situations where resistance to an arrest, or non-compliance to a lawful order, or a threat to life is encountered and reasonable alternatives have been exhausted or would clearly be ineffective, physical force may be used in compliance with Florida Statute 776.05.

Current Procedures
Current procedures are detailed in General Order 202, Response to Resistance.

Statistical Data

In 2019, there were a total of six (6) recorded responses to resistance. This total is an increase of one (1) incidents from the same period in 2018. Two (2) incidents were a response to assault on a law enforcement officer and four (4) incidents were regarding resisting arrest.

All use of force incidents were reviewed and determined to be effective and within policy.

Department procedures require the completion of a use of force report within IA Pro whenever an Officer uses force which may have injured a subject, or when deploying an approved weapon or striking technique, deployment of police canine, or takes action that results in injury, alleged injury, or death of another person. The following reflects weapon and response usage:

*One incident contained a taser deployment and chemical spray*
RESPONSE TO RESISTANCE cont’d

Summary

There are no known incidents which involved in a response to resistance where a resistance report was not completed as required per policy.

During the year 2019, there was no reported incidents in which an officer was injured while arresting a resisting suspect. There was one incident in which suspects were injured, involving a minor cut that was medically treated as a result of resisting arrest.
VEHICLE PURSUITS

Vehicle Pursuits

In 2019, there were eleven (11) vehicle pursuit/failure to stop reports a decrease of 3 from 2018:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason Initiated</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stolen Vehicle</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Violation</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal Investigation</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time of Day</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0300-0400</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0400-0500</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100-1200</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1500-1600</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1900-2000</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000-2100</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2100-2200</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2300-2400</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event that Concluded the Pursuit</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turned over to Other Jurisdiction</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pursuit Aborted by Officer</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>91%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pursuit Within Policy</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EMPLOYEE TRAFFIC CRASHES

Traffic Crashes

Professional Standards reviewed ten (10) reports of traffic crashes involving Police Department vehicles, which is a decrease of two (2) from 2018:

- 4 deemed non-preventable.
- 6 deemed preventable
- 6 officers received formal or informal discipline for causing preventable crashes.

- **Time of day**
  - 7 crashes occurred between 6:00 am – 6:00 pm.
    - 1 non-preventable.
    - 6 preventable.
  - 3 crashes occurred between 6:00 pm – 6:00 am.
    - 3 non-preventable.
    - 0 preventable.

- **Injuries:** There were 0 employee injuries and 0 non-employee injuries as the result traffic crashes involving a police vehicle.

- **Contributing Cause of Non – Preventable Crashes (3)**
  - 3 - Police Vehicle Struck by Civilian Vehicle in transport
  - 1 - Civilian Struck Parked Police Vehicle

- **Contributing Cause of Preventable Crashes (6)**
  - 2 – Backed into Fixed Object
  - 1 – Struck a Fixed Object
  - 1 – Struck a Motor Vehicle in Transport
  - 2 – Struck a Parked Vehicle

- By comparison, in 2018, Professional Standards reviewed twelve (12) reports of traffic crashes involving Police Department vehicles. Seven (7) of the twelve (12) crashes were preventable.

The Naples Police Department conducts annual in-service training on vehicle operations. The objective of the training includes practical driving techniques taught by certified FDLE instructors to reduce preventable crashes and property damage. There was a decrease in 1 preventable crash total in 2019.

**Recommendations**

The department should continue its annual driving training and focus on defensive driving and crash avoidance and backing techniques.

Applying backing sensors or backup cameras to police vehicles would assist with backing crashes. The sensors have been purchased and are currently being installed by equipment services. Additionally, command staff should consider funding backing sensors for the installation on beach specialist vehicles, as well as consideration of future purchases of beach specialist vehicles to be smaller in size.
BIAS-BASED PROFILING

In order to maintain compliance with Commission for Florida Law Enforcement Accreditation standard 2.04M and the Naples Police Department General Order 215 – Bias-Based Profiling, an annual review concerning bias-based profiling for the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019 has been conducted.

The results of this review are as follows:

- A review of General Order 215 - Bias-Based Profiling was found to include:
  - definitions for bias based profiling and reasonable suspicion.
  - language prohibiting bias-based profiling in field contacts, traffic contacts, seizure of assets and forfeiture efforts.
  - language regarding corrective measures if bias-based profiling occurs.

- A review of training documents verified department personnel are trained in bias-based profiling issues, including legal aspects in accordance with CJSTC guidelines.

- Zero (0) incidents of bias-based profiling which would require corrective measures were reported or identified in the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019.

- A review of department Policy identified written procedures for traffic stops are located in General Order 208 - Police Vehicle Operations and General Order 215 – Bias-Based Profiling.

- The Records Specialist has confirmed that the department is in compliance with Florida Statute 316.614, the Florida Safety Belt Usage Law, with the recording of violator race and ethnicity on seat belt citations by our officers. Additionally, the Records Specialist reports this information is being transmitted to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles quarterly as required by statute. An administrative review of the data shows consistency with the population distribution in the City of Naples.

  - 2019 Seat Belt Violation Data Collection (316.614)
    - Total Citation Issued – 59
      - White – 38 (74%)
      - Hispanic or Latino – 11 (22%)
      - Black – 1 (2%)
      - Unknown – 1 (2%)
      - Asian – 0 (0%)
      - American Indian or Alaskan – 0 (0%)

Community education is an integral part of the department's bias-based profiling awareness efforts. Citizens may access the Naples Police Department's website for community education and awareness updates in reference to bias-based profiling by using a link that describes the department's policy, explanation of department procedures and how to file a complaint.
TRAINING

Training coordinates the entire department's training needs and corresponding records. The Training section also coordinates the delivery of those courses and specialized in-service training to department members.

The Training section maintains all training records on a computer database and provides those records either to the Florida Division of Law Enforcement’s (FDLE) Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission (CJSTC) for inspection or for legal defenses relating to the various disciplines applied by the department personnel.

The training section oversaw approximately 80 hours of in-service training per officer.

The Naples Police Department strives to host in-service and advanced training on a monthly basis to sworn members.
ACCREDITATION

The Naples Police Department received reaccreditation on June 21, 2017 from the Commission for Florida Law Enforcement Accreditation (CFA). The department continues to review policies annually and provide the professional standards bureau with proofs. The department’s second reaccreditation assessment will be in April of 2020.

Accreditation provides some of the following benefits to the department:

- Assures governmental leaders of the quality of services delivered by their law enforcement agency.

- Provides a thorough review of the agency's status and readiness.

- Reinforces the agency's ability to maintain the highest standards of law enforcement services that represent current professional practices.

- Assures that agency personnel are trained and functioning according to established policies and procedures.

- Provides a quality work environment for well-trained professionals that aids in recruiting and retaining qualified personnel.

The Accreditation manager is charged with the responsibility of ensuring that the Naples Police Department remains in compliance with all the applicable accreditation standards designated by the state accrediting agency (CFA) between re-accreditation periods. Standards compliance is maintained through a variety of methods, which include continual review and updating of departmental written directives to include the General Orders and Standard Operating Procedures, as well as collection of time-sensitive standards and reports.
RECRUITMENT

Recruitment provides one of the most essential functions for the police department. The selection of suitable personnel applying for positions within the department is necessary to ensure that the best-qualified individuals are hired. Therefore, much effort and scrutiny are put into this process.

The Professional Standards Bureau works in conjunction with the City’s Human Resources department to process candidates through written and oral exercises. Extensive background investigations and professional testing are conducted preceding employment. Many candidates may be screened in order to fill one officer position. Professional Standards also conducts orientation and a fifty-six (56) hour mini academy to all new police officers.

Objectives

While a properly structured and administered recruitment program is not a guarantee that applicants will represent a more diverse cross section of the police department’s jurisdiction, nonetheless, it is the department’s objective to attract applicants who represent our jurisdiction.

Overall, an effective, standardized and properly administered recruitment, screening and selection process will improve the quality of applicants from which to fill existing vacancies.

Pursuant to the Commission for Florida Law Enforcement Accreditation (CFA) standard 8.02, a review of Naples Police Department sworn law enforcement demographics was conducted to compare those demographics to the population statistics of the City of Naples and Collier County.

CFA mandates that recruitment steps should be directed towards the goal of approximating within the sworn ranks the demographic composition of the community that it serves. The following table represents the current race and gender composition of the Naples Police Department at the time of this report as well as corresponding census numbers from the City of Naples and Collier County.

*The Naples Police Department is budgeted for 72 sworn officers*
RECRUITING cont’d

The percentage of Black and Hispanic Officers exceeds that of the jurisdiction’s demographics. The percentage of female officers is 7.1% which is below the state average of 15.7% for women in law enforcement (ATMS/FDLE). The current population of the Naples Police Department is 68, the City of Naples is 19,537, and Collier County is 321,520 (2010 US Census).

Annual Evaluation of Progress

Seven male officers were hired during 2019 including one black officer. One white female and 3 white male sworn officers retired from the department in 2019.

Plan of Action

As determined by a review of department and demographics for both the City of Naples and Collier County, the department approximates the percentage of Black and Hispanic officers to the service area but is barely above comparable national demographics for female officers. The national average for women in small (<100 sworn officers) law enforcement agencies that are the similar in size to the Naples Police Department is 10% (Bureau of Justice 2010).

The department’s recruitment plan is to focus on maintaining a diverse workforce that mirrors the City of Naples available workforce demographics. While the disparity of female Officers is minor, the department should continue to make every effort to increase the number of qualified and experienced female officers. The recruitment plan for 2020 will continue to include advertising in women’s law enforcement periodicals and websites. Additionally, department efforts should include utilizing a female officer during recruiting trips. Turnover and vacancies in the last quarter of 2019 and first 2 quarters of 2020 is expected to see the department hire approximately 3 officers or 2.04% of the organization. Currently, there are 7 officers in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) and 1 of those officers have an exit date in 2020, and 3 in 2021. The department will continue to focus on effective and efficient recruiting processes.
PUBLIC INFORMATION

The Professional Standards Bureau is the main point of contact for media outlets to receive information. The Public Information Officer (PIO) is responsible for the release of accurate and timely information regarding the activities of the Department to the news media (broadcast and print) and the public. The function of PIO is an integral component of the day-to-day law enforcement operations of the Department, guaranteeing that the avenues of communication are consistently open among the Department, the media and the citizenry is the goal of the PIO. The relationship established by the PIO and the media benefits both participants. The media receives current and factual information for publication and broadcast, while the law enforcement community benefits from the media's enhanced dissemination capabilities. The PIO sends the 24-hour activity log to members of the media on a daily basis and responds to their requests for additional information and interviews.

Press releases documenting community outreach programs as well as investigative updates were disseminated in 2019.

The department provides public information and department information regarding social events, community policing events, prevention information, traffic and road construction information, as well as other information on social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, Ring Neighbors App and Instagram.